

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 001-33961

HILL INTERNATIONAL, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

20-0953973
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

**303 Lippincott Centre,
Marlton, NJ**
(Address of principal executive offices)

08053
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(856) 810-6200**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by a check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§229.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer

Accelerated Filer

Non-Accelerated Filer

Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Yes No

There were 38,493,703 shares of the Registrant's Common Stock outstanding at August 1, 2011.

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HILL INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In thousands, except share and per share data)**

	<u>June 30, 2011</u> (unaudited)	<u>December 31, 2010</u>
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,293	\$ 39,406
Cash - restricted	3,924	2,527
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$9,270 and \$9,457	188,027	180,856
Accounts receivable - affiliate	2,836	3,230
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	10,300	8,834
Income taxes receivable	1,710	1,138
Deferred income tax assets	1,756	1,475
Total current assets	<u>238,846</u>	<u>237,466</u>
Property and equipment, net	14,881	11,926
Cash - restricted, net of current portion	3,711	4,040
Retainage receivable	3,814	3,102
Acquired intangibles, net	47,151	26,709
Goodwill	84,143	57,310
Investments	13,374	10,962
Deferred income tax assets	9,326	8,918
Other assets	8,274	10,418
Total assets	<u>\$ 423,520</u>	<u>\$ 370,851</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Due to bank	\$ 5,212	\$ 4,903
Current maturities of notes payable	80,388	2,278
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	85,135	72,215
Income taxes payable	—	2,931
Deferred revenue	14,293	15,620
Deferred income taxes	415	396
Other current liabilities	5,441	6,122
Total current liabilities	<u>190,884</u>	<u>104,465</u>
Notes payable, net of current maturities	10,636	67,778
Retainage payable	4,661	3,701
Deferred income taxes	16,546	11,275
Deferred revenue	3,589	1,747
Other liabilities	12,331	13,789
Total liabilities	<u>238,647</u>	<u>202,755</u>
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.0001 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized, none issued	—	—
Common stock, \$.0001 par value; 75,000,000 shares authorized, 44,927,354 shares and 44,686,148 shares issued at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively	4	4
Additional paid-in capital	125,639	123,762
Retained earnings	73,550	79,643
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(10,872)	(14,552)
Less treasury stock of 6,433,651 shares at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, at cost	<u>(27,766)</u>	<u>(27,766)</u>
Hill International, Inc. share of equity	160,555	161,091
Noncontrolling interests	24,318	7,005
Total equity	<u>184,873</u>	<u>168,096</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 423,520</u>	<u>\$ 370,851</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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HILL INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(In thousands, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Consulting fee revenue	\$ 102,951	\$ 91,559	\$ 197,223	\$ 183,495
Reimbursable expenses	23,984	16,633	52,722	29,169
Total revenue	<u>126,935</u>	<u>108,192</u>	<u>249,945</u>	<u>212,664</u>
Cost of services	59,446	52,728	114,787	105,841
Reimbursable expenses	23,984	16,633	52,722	29,169
Total direct expenses	<u>83,430</u>	<u>69,361</u>	<u>167,509</u>	<u>135,010</u>
Gross profit	43,505	38,831	82,436	77,654
Selling, general and administrative expenses	42,838	34,820	87,065	71,765
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(157)	(243)	(160)	(1,064)
Operating profit (loss)	824	4,254	(4,469)	6,953
Interest expense, net	1,464	654	2,458	1,199
(Loss) earnings before income tax benefit	(640)	3,600	(6,927)	5,754
Income tax (benefit) expense	(444)	429	(1,354)	(40)
Consolidated net (loss) earnings	(196)	3,171	(5,573)	5,794
Less: net earnings - noncontrolling interests	301	287	520	453
Net (loss) earnings attributable to Hill International, Inc.	<u>\$ (497)</u>	<u>\$ 2,884</u>	<u>\$ (6,093)</u>	<u>\$ 5,341</u>
Basic (loss) earnings per common share - Hill International, Inc.	<u>\$ (0.01)</u>	<u>\$ 0.07</u>	<u>\$ (0.16)</u>	<u>\$ 0.13</u>
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	<u>38,379</u>	<u>39,837</u>	<u>38,328</u>	<u>40,074</u>
Diluted (loss) earnings per common share - Hill International, Inc.	<u>\$ (0.01)</u>	<u>\$ 0.07</u>	<u>\$ (0.16)</u>	<u>\$ 0.13</u>
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	<u>38,379</u>	<u>40,380</u>	<u>38,328</u>	<u>40,656</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

HILL INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In thousands)
(unaudited)

	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Consolidated net (loss) earnings	\$ (5,573)	\$ 5,794
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) earnings to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	7,135	4,542
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(160)	(1,064)
Provision for bad debts	954	632
Deferred tax provision	427	(2,136)
Stock based compensation	1,527	1,156
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:		
Accounts receivable	7,864	(31,619)
Accounts receivable - affiliate	394	2,401
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	187	186
Income taxes receivable	(543)	(115)
Retainage receivable	(712)	(468)
Other assets	2,003	(1,662)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,808	14,681
Income taxes payable	(3,673)	522
Deferred revenue	(3,022)	(3,225)
Other current liabilities	(796)	(2,356)
Retainage payable	951	181
Other liabilities	(2,804)	(2,599)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>7,967</u>	<u>(15,149)</u>
Cash flows used in investing activities:		
Purchase of businesses, net of cash acquired	(13,881)	(4,327)
Distributions from affiliate	396	750
Contribution to affiliate	(1,668)	(148)
Payments for purchase of property and equipment	(4,029)	(2,426)
Purchase of additional interest in subsidiary	(1,609)	(166)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(20,791)</u>	<u>(6,317)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Due to bank	(711)	2,483
Payments on notes payable	(3,683)	(1,909)
Net borrowings on revolving loans	13,157	25,000
Proceeds from stock issued under employee stock purchase plan	531	182
Purchase of treasury stock under stock repurchase program	—	(6,252)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	20	2
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>9,314</u>	<u>19,506</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	<u>(5,603)</u>	<u>7,784</u>
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	<u>(9,113)</u>	<u>5,824</u>
Cash and cash equivalents – beginning of period	<u>39,406</u>	<u>30,923</u>
Cash and cash equivalents – end of period	<u>\$ 30,293</u>	<u>\$ 36,747</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

HILL INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

Note 1 — The Company

Hill International, Inc. (“Hill” or the “Company”) is a professional services firm headquartered in Marlton, New Jersey that provides project management and construction claims services to clients worldwide. Hill’s clients include the U.S. federal government, U.S. state and local governments, foreign governments, and the private sector. The Company is organized into two key operating divisions: the Project Management Group and the Construction Claims Group.

Recent regional civil unrest and global economic conditions, including disruption of financial markets, has adversely affected the Company’s business and results of operations, primarily by limiting its access to credit and disrupting its clients’ businesses. The reduction in financial institutions’ willingness or ability to lend has increased the cost of capital and reduced the availability of credit. In addition, continuation or worsening of general market conditions in the United States or other national economies important to its businesses may adversely affect its clients’ level of spending, ability to obtain financing, and ability to make timely payments to the Company for its services, which could require the Company to increase its allowance for doubtful accounts, negatively impact days sales outstanding and adversely affect the Company’s results of operations. On June 30, 2011, the Company entered into a Forbearance Agreement with the lenders under which borrowings under its Credit Facility (see Note 9) are limited to \$80,000,000 and the Company is precluded from certain activities without the lenders’ consent, including making acquisitions, paying dividends, or repurchasing its common stock. In exchange, the Lenders have agreed to forbear from enforcing their remedies against the Company through September 30, 2011. The Company will continue to work with those lenders to restructure its debt. Also, the Company will reduce its cost structure and seek alternative sources of working capital in its effort to return to profitability.

Note 2 — Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission pertaining to reports on Form 10-Q and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”) for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, these statements include all adjustments (consisting only of normal, recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Hill and its wholly- and majority-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The interim operating results are not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year.

Note 3 — Acquisitions

On February 28, 2011, the Company’s subsidiary, Gerens Hill International, S.A., indirectly acquired 60% of the outstanding common stock of Engineering S.A., one of the largest project management firms in Brazil with approximately 400 professionals. It has main offices in Rio de Janeiro and Sao Paulo and an additional office in Parauapebas. Engineering S.A. provides project management, construction management and engineering consulting services throughout Brazil. Total consideration amounted to 37,000,000 Brazilian Reais (approximately \$22,320,000 at the date of acquisition) consisting of a cash payment of 22,200,000 Brazilian Reais (approximately \$13,392,000) plus minimum additional payments due on each of April 30, 2012 and 2013 in the amount of 7,400,000 Brazilian Reais (approximately \$4,464,000) each. Under certain circumstances, the Company may be required to pay 5,000,000 Brazilian Reais (\$3,016,000) in addition to the minimum payments. The Company has made a preliminary allocation of the purchase price to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, but the amounts may change upon finalization of the valuation process. The results of operation of the acquired company are not material to the Company’s consolidated results of operations.

[Table of Contents](#)**Note 4 — Comprehensive Earnings (Loss)**

The following table summarizes the Company's comprehensive earnings (loss):

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<u>Three months ended June 30,</u>		<u>Six months ended June 30</u>	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Consolidated net (loss) earnings	\$ (196)	\$ 3,171	\$ (5,573)	\$ 5,794
Foreign currency translation, net of tax	2,934	(3,645)	6,825	(7,179)
Other, net	(539)	(174)	(340)	(262)
Comprehensive earnings (loss)	2,199	(648)	912	(1,647)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	2,378	(78)	3,325	19
Comprehensive loss attributable to Hill International, Inc.	<u>\$ (179)</u>	<u>\$ (570)</u>	<u>\$ (2,413)</u>	<u>\$ (1,666)</u>

Note 5 — Accounts Receivable

The components of accounts receivable are as follows:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<u>June 30, 2011</u>	<u>December 31, 2010</u>
Billed	\$ 166,471	\$ 164,938
Retainage, current portion	3,899	3,604
Unbilled	26,927	21,771
	197,297	190,313
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(9,270)	(9,457)
	<u>\$ 188,027</u>	<u>\$ 180,856</u>

At June 30, 2011, the accounts receivable related to the work performed under contracts in Libya amounted to \$59,933,000. Due to the political unrest in Libya, the Company is unable to determine the effect this crisis will have on our ability to collect this receivable. Management believes that the amount due will be collected, however, if future events preclude the Company's ability to do so, there could be a significant adverse impact on its results of operations and liquidity.

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The following table summarizes the Company's acquired intangible assets:

	<u>June 30, 2011</u>		<u>December 31, 2010</u>	
	<u>Gross Carrying Amount</u>	<u>Accumulated Amortization</u>	<u>Gross Carrying Amount</u>	<u>Accumulated Amortization</u>
<i>(in thousands)</i>				
Client relationships	\$46,127	\$ 9,484	\$26,859	\$ 7,045
Acquired contract rights	15,881	8,242	11,255	5,410
Trade names	4,087	1,218	2,022	972
Covenant not to compete	—	—	18	18
Total	\$66,095	\$ 18,944	\$40,154	\$ 13,445
Intangible assets, net	<u>\$47,151</u>		<u>\$26,709</u>	

Amortization expense related to intangible assets totaled \$2,750,000 and \$1,192,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$4,710,000 and \$2,358,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010. The following table presents the estimated amortization expense based on our present intangible assets for the next five years:

<u>Year ending December 31,</u>	<u>Estimated amortization expense</u> <i>(in thousands)</i>
2011 (remaining 6 months)	\$ 5,486
2012	7,715
2013	7,118
2014	5,229
2015	4,706

Note 7 — Goodwill

The Company performs its annual goodwill impairment testing, by reporting unit, in the third quarter, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that goodwill may be impaired. Application of the goodwill impairment test requires significant judgments including estimation of future cash flows, which is dependent on internal forecasts, estimation of the long-term rate of growth for the businesses, the useful life over which cash flows will occur, and determination of the Company's weighted average cost of capital. Changes in these estimates and assumptions could materially affect the determination of fair value and/or conclusions on goodwill impairment for each reporting unit.

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The following table summarizes the changes in the Company's carrying value of goodwill during 2011 (in thousands):

	Project Management	Construction Claims	Total
Balance, December 31, 2010	\$ 31,350	\$ 25,960	\$57,310
Additions	23,178	—	23,178
Translation adjustments	2,742	913	3,655
Balance, June 30, 2011	<u>\$ 57,270</u>	<u>\$ 26,873</u>	<u>\$84,143</u>

Note 8 — Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Below are the components of accounts payable and accrued expenses:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<u>June 30, 2011</u>	<u>December 31, 2010</u>
Accounts payable	\$ 24,998	\$ 19,484
Accrued payroll	24,749	20,927
Accrued subcontractor fees	7,677	7,120
Accrued agency fees	16,363	15,463
Accrued legal and professional fees	2,405	1,734
Accrued earn out related to MLL acquisition	3,159	3,046
Other accrued expenses	5,784	4,441
	<u>\$ 85,135</u>	<u>\$ 72,215</u>

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Note 9 — Notes Payable

Outstanding debt obligations are as follows:

	<u>June 30, 2011</u>	<u>December 31, 2010</u>
	<i>(in thousands)</i>	
Revolving credit loan payable. The weighted average interest rate of all borrowings was 5.31% and 4.72% at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. (For more information, see below.)	\$ 72,300	\$ 61,300
Revolving credit loan payable to Barclays Bank PLC up to £500,000 (approximately \$803,000 and \$772,000 at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively), with interest at 2.00% plus the Bank of England rate of 0.50% (or 2.50%) at both June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, collateralized by cross guarantees of all United Kingdom companies. Aggregate of all debt owing to the bank will be, at all times, covered by three times the aggregate value of the UK accounts receivable less than 90 days old and excluding the amounts receivable from any associate or subsidiary company. The loan has an indeterminate term and is subject to annual review by the bank.	654	231
Note payable dated June 8, 2010 for the MLL acquisition with a stated interest rate of 4.45% per annum. The note was paid on June 7, 2011.	—	2,030
Revolving credit facilities with a consortium of banks in Spain providing for total borrowings of up to €4,870,000 (approximately \$7,043,000 and \$6,477,000 at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively). The stated interest rate is 6.5%. (For more information, see below.)	5,388	6,477
Credit facility with the National Bank of Abu Dhabi providing for total borrowings of up to 11,500,000 AED (approximately \$3,131,000 at both June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively), collateralized by certain overseas receivables. The interest rate is one-month Emirates InterBank Offer Rate plus 3.00%, (or 4.32% and 4.64% at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively) but no less than 5.50%. This facility is being renewed on a month-to-month basis. (For more information, see below.)	1,733	—
Minimum payments due for the Engineering S.A. acquisition. See Note 3.	9,439	—
Short term bank loan with Itau Unibanco SA in Brazil. The amount outstanding at June 30, 2011 was 1,250,000 Brazilian Reais at an interest rate of 1.69% per month and a maturity date of November 4, 2011.	797	—
Other notes payable	<u>713</u>	<u>18</u>
	91,024	70,056
Less current maturities	<u>80,388</u>	<u>2,278</u>
Notes payable, net of current maturities	<u>\$ 10,636</u>	<u>\$ 67,778</u>

The Company maintains a credit facility pursuant to the terms of a credit agreement (the “Credit Agreement”) dated as of June 30, 2009 among the Company, Bank of America, N.A., Capital One, N.A., The PrivateBank and Trust Company and PNC Bank N.A. (the “lenders”). The Credit Agreement provided for borrowings of up to \$100,000,000 and a letter of credit sub-facility of up to \$30,000,000. Obligations under the Credit Agreement are collateralized by all of the Company’s assets, including, without limitation, accounts receivable, equipment, securities, financial assets and the proceeds of the foregoing, as well as by a pledge of 65% of the outstanding capital stock of its wholly owned subsidiary, Hill International S.A. The Credit Agreement expires on June 30, 2012. The Company incurred costs of approximately \$1,741,000 in connection with establishing the credit facility. Such costs have been deferred and were being amortized to interest expense over the life of the loan.

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The Credit Agreement provides for Base Rate loans and Eurodollar Rate loans. Base Rate loans bear interest at a fluctuating rate per annum equal to the sum of (a) the highest of (i) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.5%, (ii) the rate of interest in effect for such day as publicly announced from time to time by Bank of America as its “prime rate” and (iii) the Eurodollar Rate plus 1.00%, plus (b) an Applicable Rate which may vary between 1.75% and 2.50% depending on the Company’s consolidated leverage ratio at the time of the borrowing. Eurodollar Rate loans bear interest at a rate per annum equal to the British Bankers Association LIBOR Rate plus an Applicable Rate which may vary between 2.75% and 3.50% depending on the Company’s consolidated leverage ratio at the time of the borrowing.

The Credit Agreement contains covenants and certain restrictions on the incurrence of debt, on the making of investments, on the payment of dividends, on transactions with affiliates and other affirmative and negative covenants and events of default customary for facilities of its type. It also requires the Company to meet certain financial tests at any time that borrowings are outstanding under the facility including minimum consolidated net worth of \$100,000,000 plus 50% of consolidated net earnings attributable to Hill International, Inc. for each quarter after June 30, 2009, consolidated leverage ratio not to exceed 2.50 to 1.00, a minimum consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio of 2.00 to 1.00 and a minimum ratio of consolidated billed and unbilled accounts receivable to consolidated senior indebtedness of 2.00 to 1.00. At June 30, 2011, the Company was in violation of the consolidated leverage ratio and the consolidated fixed charge ratio (the “Specified Defaults”). On that date, the Company entered a Forbearance Agreement with the lenders under which borrowings are limited to \$80,000,000 and the Company is precluded from certain activities without the lenders’ consent, including making acquisitions, paying dividends, or repurchasing its common stock. Additionally, the Forbearance Agreement precludes the Company from making any borrowings as Eurodollar Rate Loans. At June 30, 2011, our outstanding Eurodollar Rate Loans amounted to \$34,300,000 with a weighted average interest rate of 4.27%. If such loans were refinanced on June 30, 2011, the weighted average interest rate would have been 6.25%. In exchange, the Lenders have agreed to forbear from enforcing their remedies against the Company with respect to the Specified Defaults. Since the waiver of violations is through September 30, 2011, all borrowings under the facility have been classified as current liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet.

As of June 30, 2011, the Company had \$11,644,000 in outstanding letters of credit. Due to conditions of the Forbearance Agreement, total remaining availability at June 30, 2011 was \$7,700,000.

The Company’s subsidiary, Gerens Hill International, S.A. (“Gerens”), maintains a revolving credit facility with 12 banks (the “Financing Entities”) in Spain providing for total borrowings of up to €4,870,000 (approximately \$7,043,000 and \$6,477,000 at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively), with interest at 6.50% of which €3,726,000 (approximately \$5,388,000) and €4,870,000 (approximately \$6,477,000) were utilized at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. The total amount being financed (“Credit Contracts”) by each Financing Entity is between €379,000 (approximately \$548,000) and €639,000 (approximately \$924,000). The facility expires on December 17, 2016. The maximum available amount will be reduced to 75.0% at December 31, 2014 and 50.0% at December 31, 2015. To guarantee Gerens’ obligations resulting from the Credit Contracts, Gerens provided a guarantee in favor of each one of the Financing Entities, which, additionally, and solely in the case of unremedied failure to make payment, and at the request of each of the Financing Entities, shall grant a first ranking pledge over a given percentage of corporate shares of Hill International Brasil Participações Ltda. for the principal, interest, fees, expenses or any other amount owed by virtue of the Credit Contracts, coinciding with the percentage of credit of each Financing Entity with respect to the total outstanding borrowings under this facility.

Gerens also maintains an unsecured credit facility with the Caja Badajoz bank in Spain for €750,000 (approximately \$1,085,000 and \$997,000 at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively). The interest rate is the three-month EURIBOR rate plus 1.75% but no less than 4.00%. The rate was 3.30% at June 30, 2011 and 2.76% at December 31, 2010, respectively. At both June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, there were no borrowings under this facility which expires on December 24, 2011.

The credit facility with the National Bank of Abu Dhabi also allows for up to 150,000,000 AED (approximately \$40,836,000 at both June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010) in Letters of Guarantee of which 126,662,000 AED and 93,992,000 (approximately \$34,483,000 and \$25,588,000, respectively) were utilized at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

The Company also maintains a revolving credit loan payable with a European bank up to €1,000,000 (approximately \$1,446,000 and \$1,330,000 at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively), with interest rates at 2.50% plus Egnatia Bank’s prime rate of 6.00% (or 8.50%) at both June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, collateralized by certain assets of the Company. The facility also allows for letters of guarantee up to €4,500,000 (approximately \$6,508,000 at June 30, 2011) of which €429,000 (or \$621,000) had been utilized at June 30, 2011. The loan has an expiration date of April 30, 2012.

Engineering S.A. maintains three revolving credit lines with two banks in Brazil for 1,700,000, 200,000 and 1,000,000 Brazilian Reals each (approximately \$1,084,000, \$128,000 and \$638,000, respectively), with monthly interest rates of 2.87%, 5.30% and 2.75%, respectively. There were no borrowings outstanding on any of these facilities at June 30, 2011 which are renewed automatically every three months.

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Note 10 – Supplemental Cash Flow Information

The following table provides additional cash flow information:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Interest paid	<u>\$ 2,533</u>	<u>\$ 1,007</u>
Income taxes paid	<u>\$ 2,450</u>	<u>\$ 1,608</u>

Note 11 — Equity in Earnings of Affiliates

Equity in earnings of affiliates primarily reflects the Company's ownership of 33.33% of the members' equity of Stanley Baker Hill, LLC ("SBH"), 50.0% of the members' equity of Hill Petrol and 50.0% of the members' equity of Hill TMG.

Stanley Baker Hill

SBH was a joint venture formed in February 2004 between Stanley Consultants, Inc., Michael Baker, Jr. Inc. and Hill. SBH had a contract for an indefinite delivery and indefinite quantity for construction management and general architect-engineer services for facilities in Iraq with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. The Iraq Reconstruction Program was completed in late 2010.

At December 31, 2010, the Company reported receivables totaling \$270,000 from SBH for work performed by the Company as a subcontractor to SBH. Such amounts were paid in accordance with the subcontract agreement between the Company and SBH.

Revenue from SBH pursuant to such subcontract agreement for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$0 and \$3,705,000, respectively, and \$0 and \$8,513,000 for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Hill Petrol

Hill International Petrol (Egypt) E.S.C. ("Hill Petrol") is a joint stock company formed on November 20, 2007 between Hill International, S.A. (Hill), the Egyptian National Gas Holding Company (EGAS) and the Egyptian Natural Gas Company (GASCO). The ownership interests of the company are 50% Hill, 40% EGAS and 10% GASCO. The company was formed to jointly participate in the field of project management for oil and gas projects.

Hill TMG

Equity in earnings of affiliates also reflects ownership by the Company of 50.0% of the members' equity of Hill TMG, a joint venture formed in May 2008 between Talaat Moustafa Group Holding Co. ("TMG"), and Hill. Hill TMG was managing the construction of several of TMG's largest developments in Egypt and elsewhere in the Middle East.

At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the Company reported receivables totaling \$1,679,000 and \$1,728,000, respectively, for work performed by the Company as a subcontractor to Hill TMG. Such amounts are payable in accordance with the subcontract agreement between the Company and Hill TMG.

Revenue from Hill TMG pursuant to such subcontract agreement for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$0 and \$279,000, respectively and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$79,000 and \$811,000, respectively.

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The following table summarizes the Company's equity in earnings (losses) of affiliates:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
<i>(in thousands)</i>				
Stanley Baker Hill	\$ —	\$ 235	\$ —	\$ 902
Hill Petrol	183	—	183	—
Hill TMG	—	3	—	157
Other	(26)	5	(23)	5
Total	\$ 157	\$ 243	\$ 160	\$ 1,064

Note 12 — (Loss) Earnings per Share

Basic (loss) earnings per common share have been computed using the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted (loss) earnings per common share incorporate the incremental shares issuable upon the assumed exercise of stock options, warrants and unit purchase options, if dilutive. Dilutive shares were 543,680 shares and 582,256 shares for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2010, respectively. Certain stock options were excluded from the calculation of diluted (loss) earnings per common share because their effect was antidilutive. The total number of such shares excluded from diluted (loss) earnings per common share was 3,603,262 shares and 724,314 shares for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and 3,533,554 shares and 555,603 shares for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Note 13 — Share-Based Compensation

At June 30, 2011, the Company had 3,884,541 options outstanding with a weighted average exercise price of \$5.28. During the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, the Company granted 285,000 options which vest over a five-year period, 907,336 options which vest over a four-year period and 61,725 options which vested immediately. The options have a weighted average exercise price of \$6.97 and a weighted-average contractual life of 5.45 years. The aggregate fair value of the options was \$3,214,000 calculated using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The weighted average assumptions used to calculate fair value were: expected life — 4.05 years; volatility — 52.4% and risk-free interest rate — 1.58%. During the first six months of 2011, options for 10,000 shares with a weighted average exercise price of \$2.45 were exercised, options for 42,000 shares with a weighted average exercise price of \$5.07 were forfeited and options for 26,000 shares with a weighted average exercise price of \$7.22 lapsed.

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, the Company issued 62,000 shares of restricted common stock to certain of its officers under the Company's 2007 Restricted Stock Grant Plan.

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2011, employees purchased 145,436 common shares, for an aggregate purchase price of \$531,000, pursuant to the Company's 2008 Employee Stock Purchase Plan.

The Company recognized share-based compensation expense in selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of operations totaling \$911,000 and \$728,000 for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$1,527,000 and \$1,156,000 for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Note 14 — Stockholders' Equity

On November 10, 2008, the Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program whereby the Company may purchase shares of its common stock up to a total purchase price of \$20,000,000. On August 4, 2009, the Board of Directors amended the stock repurchase program to increase the authorized amount to \$40,000,000 and extend the program to December 31, 2012. On March 7, 2011, the Board of Directors approved an increase in the Stock Repurchase Program to \$60,000,000 and extended the program to December 31, 2012. Through June 30, 2011, the Company has purchased 5,834,369 shares of its common stock under this program for an aggregate purchase price of \$24,438,000, or \$4.19 per share. At June 30, 2011, the Company was in violation of its loan covenants related to the consolidated leverage ratio and the consolidated fixed charge ratio (the "Specified Defaults"). On June 30, 2011, the Company entered into a Forbearance Agreement (see Note 9) with its lenders whereby the lenders will forbear from enforcing their remedies against the Company with respect to its failure to comply with the Specified Defaults. Under the terms of the Forbearance Agreement, the Company is prohibited from making any further repurchases of its common stock.

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The following table summarizes the changes in stockholders' equity during six months ended, June 30, 2011:

	<u>Total</u>	<u>Hill International, Inc. stockholders</u>	<u>Noncontrolling interests</u>
Stockholders' equity, December 31, 2010	\$ 168,096	\$ 161,091	\$ 7,005
Net (loss) income	(5,573)	(6,093)	520
Other comprehensive income	6,485	3,680	2,805
Comprehensive income (loss)	912	(2,413)	3,325
Additional paid in capital	1,877	1,877	—
Acquisition of Engineering S.A.	15,597	—	15,597
Acquisition of additional interest in subsidiary	(1,609)	—	(1,609)
Stockholders' equity, June 30, 2011	<u>\$ 184,873</u>	<u>\$ 160,555</u>	<u>\$ 24,318</u>

Note 15 — Income Taxes

During the three-month period ended June 30, 2011, the Company recognized income tax benefits in the reserves for uncertain tax positions of \$995,000 due to the expiration of the statute of limitations related to the filing of certain income tax returns. During the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Company recognized income tax benefits of \$995,000 and \$761,000, respectively, due to the expiration of the statute of limitations related to the filing of certain income tax returns resulting in a reduction in the reserves for uncertain tax positions. Also during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Company recognized an increase in the reserve for uncertain tax positions of \$520,000 and \$21,000, respectively, primarily related to foreign subsidiaries.

The following table indicates the changes to the Company's uncertain tax positions for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, including interest and penalties.

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 6,289	\$ 2,575
Increase as a result of tax positions taken in the current year	520	21
Reductions due to expiration of statute of limitations	(995)	(761)
Balance, end of period	<u>\$ 5,814</u>	<u>\$ 1,835</u>

The Company's policy is to record income tax related interest and penalties in income tax expense. At June 30, 2011, potential interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions amounting to \$100,000 was included in the balance above.

The balance is included in "Other Liabilities" in the consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2011.

The effective income tax expense rates for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 were 69.4% and 11.9%, respectively, and the effective income tax expense (benefit) rates for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 were 19.5% and (0.7%), respectively. Excluding the effect of the reserve adjustments, the effective income tax (benefit) expense rates would have been (4.5%) and 11.9% for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and 12.7% and 12.3%, respectively, for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010.

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Note 16 — Business Segment Information

The Company's business segments reflect how executive management makes resource decisions and assesses its performance. The Company bases these decisions on the type of services provided (Project Management and Construction Claims) and secondarily by their geography (U.S./Canada, Latin America, Europe, the Middle East, North Africa and Asia/Pacific).

The Project Management business segment provides extensive construction and project management services to construction owners worldwide. Such services include program management, project management, construction management, project management oversight, troubled project turnaround, staff augmentation, estimating and cost management, project labor agreement consulting and management consulting services.

The Construction Claims business segment provides such services as claims preparation, analysis and review, litigation support, cost/damages assessment, delay/disruption analysis, contract review and adjudication, risk assessment, lender advisory and expert witness testimony services to clients worldwide.

The Company evaluates the performance of its segments primarily on operating profit before corporate overhead allocations and income taxes.

The following tables reflect the required disclosures for the Company's reportable segments (in thousands):

Consulting Fee Revenue ("CFR")

	Three months ended June 30,			
	2011		2010	
Project Management	\$ 74,239	72.1%	\$70,235	76.7%
Construction Claims	28,712	27.9	21,324	23.3
Total	<u>\$102,951</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$91,559</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Total Revenue:

	Three months ended June 30,			
	2011		2010	
Project Management	\$ 97,567	76.9%	\$ 86,220	79.7%
Construction Claims	29,368	23.1	21,972	20.3
Total	<u>\$126,935</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$108,192</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Operating (Loss) Profit:

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Project Management before equity in earnings of affiliates	\$ 3,865	\$ 8,791
Equity in earnings of affiliates	157	243
Total Project Management	4,022	9,034
Construction Claims	3,669	1,523
Corporate Expenses	(6,867)	(6,303)
Total	<u>\$ 824</u>	<u>\$ 4,254</u>

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Depreciation and Amortization Expense:

	<u>Three months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Project Management	\$ 3,082	\$ 1,379
Construction Claims	861	668
Subtotal segments	3,943	2,047
Corporate	90	299
Total	<u>\$ 4,033</u>	<u>\$ 2,346</u>

Table of Contents*Consulting Fee Revenue by Geographic Region:*

	Three months ended June 30,			
	2011		2010	
U.S./Canada	\$ 29,974	29.1%	\$24,436	26.7%
Latin America	13,371	13.0	347	0.4
Europe	23,463	22.8	22,828	24.9
Middle East	28,195	27.4	26,012	28.4
North Africa	2,695	2.6	15,620	17.1
Asia/Pacific	<u>5,253</u>	<u>5.1</u>	<u>2,316</u>	<u>2.5</u>
Total	<u>\$102,951</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$91,559</u>	<u>100.0%</u>
U.S.	\$ 29,352	28.5%	\$23,910	26.1%
Non -U.S.	<u>73,599</u>	<u>71.5</u>	<u>67,649</u>	<u>73.9</u>
Total	<u>\$102,951</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$91,559</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Total Revenue by Geographic Region:

	Three months ended June 30,			
	2011		2010	
U.S./Canada	\$ 51,589	40.7%	\$ 39,682	36.6%
Latin America	13,381	10.5	347	0.3
Europe	24,665	19.4	24,201	22.4
Middle East	28,687	22.6	25,854	23.9
North Africa	3,283	2.6	15,757	14.6
Asia/Pacific	<u>5,330</u>	<u>4.2</u>	<u>2,351</u>	<u>2.2</u>
Total	<u>\$126,935</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$108,192</u>	<u>100.0%</u>
U.S.	\$ 50,967	40.2%	\$ 39,156	36.2%
Non -U.S.	<u>75,968</u>	<u>59.8</u>	<u>69,036</u>	<u>63.8</u>
Total	<u>\$126,935</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$108,192</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

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Consulting Fee Revenue By Client Type:

	Three months ended June 30,			
	2011		2010	
U.S. federal government	\$ 3,063	3.0%	\$ 7,213	7.9%
U.S. state, local and regional government	15,741	15.3	11,593	12.7
Foreign government	20,054	19.5	32,767	35.7
Private sector	64,093	62.2	39,986	43.7
Total	<u>\$102,951</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$91,559</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Total Revenue By Client Type:

	Three months ended June 30,			
	2011		2010	
U.S. federal government	\$ 3,644	2.9%	\$ 7,667	7.1%
U.S. state, local and regional government	35,741	28.2	25,229	23.3
Foreign government	21,185	16.7	34,149	31.6
Private sector	66,365	52.2	41,147	38.0
Total	<u>\$126,935</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$108,192</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Table of Contents*Property, Plant and Equipment, Net by Geographic Location:*

	<u>June 30, 2011</u>	<u>December 31, 2010</u>
U.S./Canada	\$ 6,882	\$ 6,884
Latin America	2,111	28
Europe	2,560	2,344
Middle East	2,454	1,692
North Africa	337	346
Asia/Pacific	537	632
Total	<u>\$ 14,881</u>	<u>\$ 11,926</u>
U.S.	\$ 6,867	\$ 6,867
Non -U.S.	8,014	5,059
Total	<u>\$ 14,881</u>	<u>\$ 11,926</u>

Consulting Fee Revenue ("CFR")

	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>			
	<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>	
Project Management	\$144,087	73.1%	\$137,564	75.0%
Construction Claims	53,136	26.9	45,931	25.0
Total	<u>\$197,223</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$183,495</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Total Revenue

	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>			
	<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>	
Project Management	\$195,491	78.2%	\$165,312	77.7%
Construction Claims	54,454	21.8	47,352	22.3
Total	<u>\$249,945</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$212,664</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

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Operating (Loss) Profit:

	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Project Management before equity in earnings of affiliates	\$ 6,619	\$ 13,043
Equity in earnings of affiliates	160	1,064
Total Project Management	6,779	14,107
Construction Claims	2,934	5,744
Corporate Expenses	(14,182)	(12,898)
Total	<u>\$ (4,469)</u>	<u>\$ 6,953</u>

Depreciation and Amortization Expense:

	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Project Management	\$ 5,310	\$ 2,760
Construction Claims	1,690	1,206
Subtotal segments	7,000	3,966
Corporate	135	576
Total	<u>\$ 7,135</u>	<u>\$ 4,542</u>

Table of Contents*Consulting Fee Revenue by Geographic Region:*

	Six months ended June 30,			
	2011		2010	
U.S./Canada	\$ 57,826	29.2%	\$ 47,709	26.0%
Latin America	17,461	8.9	822	0.4
Europe	45,275	23.0	49,557	27.0
Middle East	53,956	27.4	52,307	28.5
North Africa	13,158	6.7	29,477	16.1
Asia/Pacific	9,547	4.8	3,623	2.0
Total	<u>\$197,223</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$183,495</u>	<u>100.0%</u>
U.S.	\$ 56,555	28.7%	\$ 46,647	25.4%
Non -U.S.	140,668	71.3	136,848	74.6
Total	<u>\$197,223</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$183,495</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Total Revenue by Geographic Region:

	Six months ended June 30,			
	2011		2010	
U.S./Canada	\$105,881	42.4%	\$ 72,787	34.2%
Latin America	17,480	7.0	822	0.4
Europe	47,600	19.0	52,347	24.6
Middle East	54,911	22.0	53,349	25.1
North Africa	14,211	5.7	29,678	14.0
Asia/Pacific	9,862	3.9	3,681	1.7
Total	<u>\$249,945</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$212,664</u>	<u>100.0%</u>
U.S.	\$104,610	41.9%	\$ 71,725	33.7%
Non -U.S.	145,335	58.1	140,939	66.3
Total	<u>\$249,945</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$212,664</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

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Consulting Fee Revenue By Client Type:

	Six months ended June 30,			
	2011		2010	
U.S. federal government	\$ 6,396	3.2%	\$ 14,508	7.9%
U.S. state, local and regional government	31,185	15.8	22,564	12.3
Foreign government	45,172	23.0	44,448	24.2
Private sector	114,470	58.0	101,975	55.6
Total	<u>\$197,223</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$183,495</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Total Revenue By Client Type:

	Six months ended June 30,			
	2011		2010	
U.S. federal government	\$ 7,467	3.0%	\$ 15,231	7.2%
U.S. state, local and regional government	76,490	30.6	44,570	21.0
Foreign government	47,813	19.1	46,034	21.6
Private sector	118,175	47.3	106,829	50.2
Total	<u>\$249,945</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$212,664</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Note 17 — Concentrations

The Company had one client that accounted for 14% of total revenue for the three-month period ended June 30, 2011 and two clients that accounted for 23% of total revenue for the three-month period ended June 30, 2010. The Company had one client that accounted for 16% of total revenue for the six-month period ended June 30, 2011 and one client that accounted for 12% of total revenue for the six-month period ended June 30, 2010.

The Company had no clients that accounted for 10% or more of consulting fee revenue for the three-month period ended June 30, 2011 and one client that accounted for 15% of consulting fee revenue for the three-month period ended June 30, 2010. The Company had no clients that accounted for 10% of consulting fee revenue for the six-month period ended June 30, 2011 and one client that accounted for 14% of consulting fee revenue for the six-month period ended June 30, 2010.

One client, located in Libya, accounted for 32% and 33% of accounts receivable as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 respectively.

The Company has numerous contracts with U.S. federal government agencies that collectively accounted for 3% and 7% of total revenue during the three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 respectively, and 3% and 7% of total revenue during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Note 18 — Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

On July 16, 2009, Al Areen Desert Resort Holding Company (“Al Areen”) filed a complaint with the Ministry of Justice & Islamic Affairs in the Kingdom of Bahrain against the Company alleging breach of contract and other causes of action in connection with its performance of a construction project known as Al Areen Desert Spa and Resort (the “Project”), seeking the sum of approximately 10,200,000 Bahraini Dinars (approximately \$27,052,000 at June 30, 2011) in damages. The Company provided project management services on the Project and Al Areen failed to pay the Company 679,000 Bahraini Dinars (approximately \$1,801,000 at June 30, 2011) for services rendered on the Project. The Company served notice of termination on April 28, 2009.

On September 26, 2009, the Company filed a Request for Arbitration with the International Chamber of Commerce, International Court of Arbitration, seeking the sum of 679,000 Bahraini Dinars. On June 29, 2011, the parties executed a settlement agreement under which Al Areen will pay to the Company the sum of approximately 394,000 Bahraini Dinars (approximately \$1,043,000) and withdrew its claims against the Company. The Company had previously reserved approximately \$531,000 against the receivable from Al Areen. During the period ended June 30, 2011, the Company wrote off the remaining \$227,000.

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General Litigation

From time to time, the Company is a defendant or plaintiff in various legal actions which arise in the normal course of business. As such the Company is required to assess the likelihood of any adverse outcomes to these matters as well as potential ranges of probable losses. A determination of the amount of the provision required for these commitments and contingencies, if any, which would be charged to earnings, is made after careful analysis of each matter. The provision may change in the future due to new developments or changes in circumstances. Changes in the provision could increase or decrease the Company's earnings in the period the changes are made. It is the opinion of management, after consultation with legal counsel, that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

We make forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. We use forward-looking words such as "may," "expect," "anticipate," "contemplate," "believe," "estimate," "intend," and "continue" or similar words. You should read statements that contain these words carefully because they discuss future expectations, contain projections of future results of operations or financial condition or state other "forward-looking" information. However, there may be events in the future that we are not able to predict accurately or over which we have no control. Examples of risks, uncertainties and events that may cause actual results to differ materially from the expectations described by us in such forward-looking statements include those described in Part I, Item 1A "Risk Factors" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 11, 2011 (the "2010 Annual Report"). You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. All forward-looking statements included herein attributable to us are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained or referred to in this section. Except to the extent required by applicable laws and regulations, we undertake no obligations to update these forward-looking statements.

References to "the Company," "we," "us," and "our" refer to Hill International, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

We provide project management and construction claims services to clients worldwide, but primarily in the U.S./Canada, Latin America, Europe, the Middle East, North Africa and Asia/Pacific. Our clients include the United States and other national governments and their agencies, state and local governments and their agencies, and the private sector. Hill is organized into two key operating segments: the Project Management Group and the Construction Claims Group.

We are one of the leading firms in the world in both the project management and construction claims consulting businesses. We are a global company with approximately 3,100 employees operating from 100 offices in more than 30 countries.

The Project Management business segment provides extensive construction and project management services to construction owners worldwide. Such services include program management, project management, construction management, project management oversight, troubled project turnaround, staff augmentation, estimating and cost management, project labor agreement consulting and management consulting services.

The Construction Claims business segment provides such services as claims preparation, analysis and review, litigation support, cost/damages assessment, delay/disruption analysis, contract review and adjudication, risk assessment, lender advisory and expert witness testimony services to clients worldwide.

HillStone International, LLC ("HillStone") is a strategic technologies distribution and construction project development company. As a 51%-owned subsidiary of the Company, HillStone develops private and public ventures for the implementation of affordable, durable and environmentally sound housing technologies in regions of the world where housing solutions are a high priority of various governmental and private interests. HillStone has not been shown separately within our financial statements as it does not have any revenues to date. Its costs, which are not material, have been included within the Corporate segment. However, for purposes of this report, we have shown the backlog attributable to HillStone as a separate line item within the backlog table on page 36.

We derive our revenues from fees for professional services. As a service company we are labor intensive rather than capital intensive. Our revenue is driven by our ability to attract and retain qualified and productive employees, identify business opportunities, secure new and renew existing client contracts, provide outstanding services to our clients and execute projects successfully. Our income from operations is derived from our ability to generate revenue and collect cash under our contracts in excess of direct labor and other direct costs of executing the projects, subcontractors and other reimbursable costs and selling, general and administrative costs.

In addition, we believe there are high barriers to entry for new competitors, especially in the project management market. We compete for business based on reputation and past experience, including client requirements for substantial similar project and claims work. We have developed significant long-standing relationships which bring us repeat business and would be very difficult to replicate. We have an excellent reputation for developing and rewarding employees, which allows us to attract and retain superior professionals.

Recent regional civil unrest and global economic conditions, including disruption of financial markets, has adversely affect our business and results of operations, primarily by limiting our access to credit and disrupting our clients' businesses. The reduction in financial institutions' willingness or ability to lend has increased the cost of capital and reduced the availability of credit. In addition, continuation or worsening of general market conditions in the United States or other national economies important to our businesses may adversely affect our clients' level of spending, ability to obtain financing, and ability to make timely payments to us for our services, which could require us to increase our allowance for doubtful accounts, negatively impact our days sales outstanding and adversely affect our results of operations. On June 30, 2011, the Company entered into a Forbearance Agreement with the lenders under which borrowings under its Credit Facility (see Note 9) are limited to \$80,000,000 and the Company is precluded from certain activities without the lenders' consent, including making acquisitions, paying dividends, or repurchasing its common stock. In exchange, the Lenders have agreed to forbear from enforcing their remedies against the Company through September 30, 2011. The Company will attempt to work with those lenders to restructure its debt, or we may seek alternative sources of working capital.

Critical Accounting Policies

The Company's interim financial statements were prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles, which require management to make subjective decisions, assessments and estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. As the number of variables and assumptions affecting the judgment increases, such judgments become even more subjective. While management believes its assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, actual results may be materially different than estimated. The critical accounting estimates and assumptions have not materially changed from those identified in the Company's 2010 Annual Report.

We operate through two segments: the Project Management Group and the Construction Claims Group. Reimbursable expenses are reflected in equal amounts in both total revenue and total direct expenses. Because these revenues/costs are subject to significant fluctuation from year to year, we measure the performance of many of our key operating metrics as a percentage of consulting fee revenue ("CFR"), as we believe that this is a better and more consistent measure of operating performance than total revenue.

**Three months ended June 30, 2011 Compared to
Three months ended June 30, 2010**

Results of Operations**Consulting Fee Revenue (“CFR”)**

<i>(in thousands)</i>	Three months ended June 30,				Change	
	2011		2010			
Project Management	\$ 74,239	72.1%	\$70,235	76.7%	\$ 4,004	5.7%
Construction Claims	28,712	27.9%	21,324	23.3%	7,388	34.6%
Total	\$102,951	100.0%	\$91,559	100.0%	\$11,392	12.4%

Hill’s CFR increased \$11,392,000 to \$102,951,000 in the second quarter of 2011 from \$91,559,000 in the second quarter of 2010. This was comprised of an increase of 21.7 % from acquisitions, partially offset by an organic decrease of 9.3%. The organic decrease in CFR is primarily due to decreases in Libya and Iraq.

During the second quarter of 2011, Hill’s project management CFR increase of 5.7% included an increase of 24.4% due to acquisitions of dck, TCM and Engineering S.A., partially offset by an organic decrease of 18.7% primarily in North Africa and the Middle East. The increase in project management CFR consisted of a \$4,042,000 increase in domestic projects and a decrease of \$38,000 in foreign projects. The increase in domestic projects consisted primarily of the acquisitions of dck and TCM. The decrease in foreign project management CFR was primarily due to decreases of \$13,757,000 in Libya where work stopped in February of 2011 due to the political unrest and \$3,705,000 in Iraq, where Hill’s work on the Iraq Reconstruction Program was completed at the end of 2010. These decreases were partially offset by an increase of \$12,384,000 from Engineering S.A. which was acquired on February 28, 2011 and \$3,042,000 in the Middle East, primarily Saudi Arabia.

During the second quarter of 2011, Hill’s construction claims CFR increase of 34.6% included an organic increase of 22.4% primarily in the Middle East and the United States and an increase of 12.2% due to the acquisition of MLL.

Reimbursable Expenses

<i>(in thousands)</i>	Three months ended June 30,				Change	
	2011		2010			
Project Management	\$23,327	97.3%	\$15,985	96.1%	\$7,342	45.9%
Construction Claims	657	2.7%	648	3.9%	9	1.5%
Total	\$23,984	100.0%	\$16,633	100.0%	\$7,351	44.2%

Reimbursable expenses consist of amounts paid to subcontractors and other third parties and travel and other job-related expenses that are contractually reimbursable from clients. These items are reflected as separate line items in both our revenue and cost of services captions in our consolidated statements of operations. The increase in project management reimbursable expenses was due primarily to increased use of subcontractors of \$6,247,000 in our Northeast and Mid-Atlantic regions.

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Cost of Services

	Three months ended June 30,						Change	
	2011		2010		2010			
		% of CFR		% of CFR		% of CFR		
<i>(in thousands)</i>								
Project Management	\$46,409	78.1%	62.5%	\$42,914	81.4%	61.1%	\$3,495	8.1%
Construction Claims	13,037	21.9%	45.4%	9,814	18.6%	46.0%	3,223	32.8%
Total	<u>\$59,446</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>57.7%</u>	<u>\$52,728</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>57.6%</u>	<u>\$6,718</u>	<u>12.7%</u>

Cost of services consists of labor expenses for time charged directly to contracts and non-reimbursable job related travel and out-of-pocket expenses. The increase in project management cost of services is primarily due to increases in the Middle East and the acquisitions of dck, TCM and Engineering S.A., partially offset by decreases in Iraq and Libya.

The increase in the cost of services for construction claims was due primarily to increases in direct costs in CFR.

Gross Profit

	Three months ended June 30,						Change	
	2011		2010		2010			
		% of CFR		% of CFR		% of CFR		
<i>(in thousands)</i>								
Project Management	\$27,830	64.0%	37.5%	\$27,321	70.4%	38.9%	\$ 509	1.9%
Construction Claims	15,675	36.0%	54.6%	11,510	29.6%	54.0%	4,165	36.2%
Total	<u>\$43,505</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>42.3%</u>	<u>\$38,831</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>42.4%</u>	<u>\$4,674</u>	<u>12.0%</u>

The increase in project management gross profit included an increase of \$1,580,000 from domestic operations and a decrease of \$1,071,000 in foreign operations. The increase in domestic operations includes increases of \$2,266,000 from dck and TCM. The decrease in foreign operations included decreases of \$7,823,000 in Libya and Iraq, partially offset by increases of \$3,973,000 from Engineering S.A. and \$2,614,000 in Spain and the Middle East. The increase in gross profit in Spain included a \$1,400,000 success fee in connection with the management of real estate projects.

The increase in construction claims gross profit of \$4,165,000 was driven by the MLL acquisition and CFR increases of \$900,000 from the Middle East, \$743,000 from the United Kingdom and \$1,052,000 from the United States.

Selling, General and Administrative (“SG&A”) Expenses

	Three months ended June 30,						Change	
	2011		2010		2010			
		% of CFR		% of CFR		% of CFR		
<i>(in thousands)</i>								
SG&A Expenses	\$42,838	41.6%		\$34,820	38.0%		\$8,018	23.0%

The increase in SG&A of \$8,018,000 included increases of \$5,872,000 from the MLL, dck, TCM and Engineering S.A. acquisitions.

The significant components of the change in SG&A are as follows:

- An increase in unapplied and indirect labor expense of \$3,898,000 including \$2,891,000 from MLL, dck, TCM and Engineering S.A. and \$780,000 in corporate labor.
- An increase in amortization expense of \$1,511,000 due to acquired businesses.

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- An increase of \$504,000 in rent expense including \$230,000 related to the acquisitions and \$132,000 from the London office where a recent office move caused some overlapping in rental costs.
- An increase of \$265,000 in administrative travel costs primarily in overseas business development and for integration efforts in connection with the Engineering S.A. acquisition.

Equity in Earnings of Affiliates

Our share of the earnings of affiliates decreased \$86,000 from \$243,000 in the second quarter of 2010 to \$157,000 in the second quarter of 2011, primarily due to the termination of work in Iraq by SBH where our contract was completed at the end of 2010. This was partially offset by earnings from Hill Petrol.

Our share of the earnings of SBH decreased by \$235,000 in the second quarter of 2011, because the assignment was completed in the fourth quarter of 2010. SBH was a joint venture between Stanley Consultants, Inc., Michael Baker, Jr., Inc. and us.

Our share of the earnings of Hill Petrol was \$183,000 in the second quarter of 2011. Hill Petrol is a joint stock company formed on November 20, 2007 between us, the Egyptian National Gas Holding Company (EGAS) and the Egyptian Natural Gas Company (GASCO). The ownership interest of the company are 50% Hill, 40% EGAS and 10% GASCO. The company was formed to jointly participate in the field of project management for oil and gas projects.

Our share of the earnings of Hill TMG decreased by \$3,000 in the second quarter of 2011. Hill TMG is a joint venture formed in May 2008 between Talaat Moustafa Group Holding Co. ("TMG") and Hill. Hill TMG managed the construction of several of TMG's largest developments in Egypt and elsewhere in the Middle East.

Operating Profit:

	Three months ended June 30,				Change	
	2011	% of CFR	2010	% of CFR		
<i>(in thousands)</i>						
Project Management before equity in earnings of affiliates	\$ 3,865	5.2%	\$ 8,791	12.5%	\$(4,926)	(56.0)%
Equity in earnings of affiliates	157	0.2%	243	0.3%	(86)	(35.4)%
Total Project Management	4,022	5.4%	9,034	12.9%	(5,012)	(55.5)%
Construction Claims	3,669	12.8%	1,523	7.1%	2,146	140.9%
Corporate	(6,867)		(6,303)		(564)	8.9%
Total	\$ 824	0.8%	\$ 4,254	4.6%	\$(3,430)	(80.6)%

Operating profit decreased \$3,430,000 compared to the second quarter of 2010. This was due primarily to the completion of the Iraq project at the end of 2010 and the loss in revenue and profit from disrupted operations in Libya, partially offset by increased profits generated by dck, TCM, MLL and Engineering S.A. as well as increases in both domestic and international construction claims operations.

The decrease in Project Management operating profit primarily included a decrease of \$1,521,000 in Iraq where work concluded at the end of 2010. In addition, the stoppage of work in Libya in February 2011 due to the political unrest caused a decrease in operating profit of \$5,442,000 compared with the same period last year. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in operating profit of \$846,000 in the Middle East as a result of several new projects in Saudi Arabia and Abu Dhabi and a success fee of \$1,400,000 in connection with the management of real estate projects in Spain as well as profits of \$681,000 from Engineering S.A.

The increase in operating profit for the Construction Claims group was primarily due to increases of \$879,000 for MLL, \$825,000 in the United States, \$535,000 in the United Kingdom and \$401,000 in the Middle East.

Corporate costs were held to an increase of \$564,000 over the prior year.

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Interest Expense, net

Net interest expense increased \$810,000 to \$1,464,000 during the three-month period ended June 30, 2011 as compared with \$654,000 in the three-month period ended June 30, 2010, primarily due to higher interest rates and increased borrowings driven primarily by the acquisitions of MLL, TCM, dck and Engineering S.A. and the purchase of treasury stock.

Income Taxes

For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Company recognized net tax (benefit) expense of (\$444,000) and \$429,000, respectively. The Company's income tax expense for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 included benefits of \$995,000 and \$0, respectively, related to decreases in the reserves for uncertain tax positions due to the expiration of the statute of limitations related to the filings of certain income tax returns. For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, income tax expense also included \$520,000 and \$0, respectively, related to increases in the reserves for uncertain tax positions.

The effective income tax expense rates for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 were 69.4% and 11.9%, respectively. Excluding the effect of the reserve adjustment, the effective income tax (benefit) expense rate would have been (4.5%) and 11.9% for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Net (Loss) Earnings

Net loss attributable to Hill International, Inc. for the second quarter of 2011 was (\$497,000) or (\$0.01) per diluted common share based on 38,379,000 diluted common shares outstanding, as compared to net earnings for the second quarter of 2010 of \$2,884,000 or \$0.07 per diluted common share based upon 40,380,000 diluted common shares outstanding.

**Six months ended June 30, 2011 Compared to
Six months ended June 30, 2010**

**Results of Operations
Consulting Fee Revenue (“CFR”)**

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>				<u>Change</u>	
	<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>			
Project Management	\$144,087	73.1%	\$137,564	75.0%	\$ 6,523	4.7%
Construction Claims	53,136	26.9%	45,931	25.0%	7,205	15.7%
Total	<u>\$197,223</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$183,495</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$13,728</u>	<u>7.5%</u>

Hill’s CFR increased \$13,728,000 to \$197,223,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2011 from \$183,495,000 in the same period of 2010. This was comprised of an increase of 16.1% from acquisitions, partially offset by an organic decrease of 8.6%. The organic decrease in CFR is primarily due to decreases in Libya, Iraq and the United Kingdom.

During the first six months of 2011, Hill’s project management CFR increase of 4.7% included an increase of 17.3% due to the acquisitions of dck, TCM and Engineering S.A., partially offset by an organic decrease of 12.6% primarily in North Africa and the Middle East. The increase in project management CFR consisted of an \$8,372,000 increase in domestic projects and a decrease of \$1,849,000 in foreign projects. The increase in domestic projects resulted primarily from the acquisitions of dck and TCM. The decrease in foreign project management CFR was primarily due to decreases of \$18,531,000 in Libya where work stopped in February 2011 due to the political unrest and \$8,513,000 in Iraq, where Hill’s work on the Iraq Reconstruction Program was completed at the end of 2010. These decreases were partially offset by an increase of \$15,725,000 from Engineering S.A. which was acquired on February 28, 2011, \$6,365,000 in the Middle East, primarily Saudi Arabia, and \$2,213,000 in Egypt.

During the first six months of 2011, Hill’s construction claims CFR increase of 15.7% included an increase of 12.2% due to the acquisition of MLL and an organic increase of 3.5% primarily in the Middle East and the United States.

Reimbursable Expenses

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>				<u>Change</u>	
	<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>			
Project Management	\$51,404	97.5%	\$27,747	95.1%	\$23,657	85.3%
Construction Claims	1,318	2.5%	1,422	4.9%	(104)	(7.3)%
Total	<u>\$52,722</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$29,169</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$23,553</u>	<u>80.7%</u>

Reimbursable expenses consist of amounts paid to subcontractors and other third parties and travel and other job-related expenses that are contractually reimbursable from clients. These items are reflected as separate line items in both our revenue and cost of services captions in our consolidated statements of earnings. The increase in project management reimbursable expenses was due primarily to increased use of subcontractors of \$21,775,000 in our Northeast and Mid-Atlantic regions.

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Cost of Services

	Six months ended June 30,						Change	
	2011			2010				
		% of CFR			% of CFR			
<i>(in thousands)</i>								
Project Management	\$ 90,018	78.4%	62.5%	\$ 85,897	81.2%	62.4%	\$4,121	4.8%
Construction Claims	24,769	21.6%	46.6%	19,944	18.8%	43.4%	4,825	24.2%
Total	\$114,787	100.0%	58.2%	\$105,841	100.0%	57.7%	\$8,946	8.5%

Cost of services consists of labor expenses for time charged directly to contracts and non-reimbursable job related travel and out-of-pocket expenses. The increase in project management cost of services is primarily due to an increase in the Middle East and the acquisitions of dck, TCM and Engineering S.A., partially offset by decreases in Iraq and Libya.

The increase in the cost of services for construction claims was due primarily to increases in direct costs in the Middle East and MLL.

Gross Profit

	Six months ended June 30,						Change	
	2011			2010				
		% of CFR			% of CFR			
<i>(in thousands)</i>								
Project Management	\$54,069	65.6%	37.5%	\$51,667	66.5%	37.6%	\$2,402	4.6%
Construction Claims	28,367	34.4%	53.4%	25,987	33.5%	56.6%	2,380	9.2%
Total	\$82,436	100.0%	41.8%	\$77,654	100.0%	42.3%	\$4,782	6.2%

The increase in project management gross profit included an increase of \$3,445,000 from domestic operations and a decrease of \$1,043,000 in foreign operations. The increase in domestic operations includes increases of \$3,831,000 from dck and TCM. The decrease in foreign operations included decreases of \$11,093,000 in Iraq and Libya, partially offset by increases of \$4,776,000 from Engineering S.A. and \$4,518,000 from the Middle East and Spain.

The increase in construction claims gross profit of \$2,380,000 included increases of \$3,179,000 from MLL and \$1,285,000 from the United States, partially offset by a decrease of \$2,176,000 in the United Kingdom.

Selling, General and Administrative (“SG&A”) Expenses

	Six months ended June 30,				Change	
	2011		2010			
		% of CFR		% of CFR		
<i>(in thousands)</i>						
SG&A Expenses	\$87,065	44.1%	\$71,765	39.1%	\$15,300	21.3%

The increase in SG&A of \$15,300,000 included increases of \$9,731,000 from the MLL, dck, TCM and Engineering S.A. acquisitions.

The significant components of the change in SG&A are as follows:

- An increase in unapplied and indirect labor expense of \$7,590,000 including \$4,932,000 from MLL, dck, TCM and Engineering S.A., and \$623,000 from the United Kingdom where utilization was low during the first quarter of 2011 and \$844,000 in corporate primarily in support of development-related projects.
- An increase in amortization expense of \$2,306,000 due to acquired businesses.

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- An increase of \$1,438,000 in rent expense including \$394,000 for the acquired entities, \$326,000 from London where a recent office move caused some overlapping in rental costs and \$186,000 for the early termination of our space in Northern New Jersey.
- An increase of \$731,000 in administrative travel costs primarily in overseas business development and for costs associated with the acquisition and integration of Engineering S.A.

Equity in Earnings of Affiliates

Our share of the earnings of affiliates decreased \$904,000 from \$1,064,000 in the first six months of 2010 to \$160,000 in the same period of 2011, primarily due to the termination of work in Iraq by SBH where our contract was completed at the end of 2010.

Our share of the earnings of SBH decreased by \$902,000 in the first six months of 2011, compared with the first half of 2010, because the assignment was completed in the fourth quarter of 2010. SBH was a joint venture between Stanley Consultants, Inc., Michael Baker Jr., Inc. and us.

Our share of the earnings of Hill Petrol was \$183,000 for the first six months of 2011. Hill Petrol is a joint stock company formed on November 20, 2007 between us, the Egyptian Gas Holding Company (EGAS) and the Egyptian Natural Gas Company (GASCO). The ownership interest of the company are 50% Hill, 40% EGAS and 10% GASCO. The company was formed to jointly participate in the field of project management for oil and gas projects. Operations commenced in the second quarter of 2011.

Our share of the earnings of Hill TMG decreased \$157,000 during the first six months of 2011 compared with the same period of 2010. Hill TMG is a joint venture formed in May 2008 between Talaat Moustafa Group Holdings Co. ("TMG") and Hill. Hill TMG managed the construction of several of TMG's largest developments in Egypt and elsewhere in the Middle East.

Operating Profit:

	Six months ended June 30,				Change	
	2011	2010	2011	2010		
		% of CFR		% of CFR		
<i>(in thousands)</i>						
Project Management before equity in earnings of affiliates	\$ 6,619	4.6%	\$ 13,043	9.5%	\$ (6,424)	(49.3)%
Equity in earnings of affiliates	160	0.1%	1,064	0.8%	(904)	(85.0)%
Total Project Management	6,779	4.7%	14,107	10.3%	(7,328)	(51.9)%
Construction Claims	2,934	5.5%	5,744	12.5%	(2,810)	(48.9)%
Corporate	(14,182)		(12,898)		(1,284)	10.0%
Total	\$ (4,469)	(2.3)%	\$ 6,953	3.8%	\$ (11,422)	(164.3)%

Operating profit decreased \$11,422,000 compared to the first six months of 2010. This was due primarily to the completion of the Iraq project at the end of 2010, the loss in revenue and profit from disrupted operations in Libya and a decrease in work in the United Kingdom construction claims business. This was partially offset by increases in profit from the acquired companies and Middle East project management.

The decrease in Project Management operating profit primarily included a decrease of \$3,784,000 in Iraq where work concluded at the end of 2010. In addition, the stoppage of work in Libya in February 2011 due to the political unrest caused a decrease in operating profit of \$7,037,000 compared with the same period last year. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in operating profit of \$1,804,000 in the Middle East as a result of several new projects in Saudi Arabia and Abu Dhabi.

The decrease in operating profit for the Construction Claims group was primarily due to a decrease of \$3,281,000 in the United Kingdom where work slowed down during the early part of 2011 partially due to the settlement of a client's case on a large assignment. In addition, during the first quarter of 2010, a contingency fee of \$2,000,000 was recognized due to the successful resolution of one client's significant claim. This was partially offset by increased profits from MLL.

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Corporate costs were held to an increase of \$1,284,000 over the prior year with increases labor in support of development projects and foreign exchange losses.

Interest Expense, net

Net interest expense increased \$1,259,000 to \$2,458,000 in the six-month period ended June 30, 2011 as compared with \$1,199,000 in the six-month period ended June 30, 2010, primarily due to increased borrowings driven primarily by the acquisitions of MLL, TCM, dck and Engineering S.A. and the purchase of treasury stock.

Income Taxes

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, we recognized net tax benefits of \$1,354,000 and \$40,000, respectively. Income tax expense for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 were net of tax benefits of \$995,000 and \$761,000, respectively, principally arising from the expiration of the statute of limitations upon the filing of certain income tax returns. The Company recognized the tax benefits as reductions in the reserves for uncertain tax positions. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, income tax expense also included \$520,000 and \$21,000, respectively, related to increases in the reserves for uncertain tax positions.

The effective income tax expense (benefit) rates for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 were 19.5% and (0.7%), respectively. Excluding the effect of the reserve adjustment, the effective income tax expense rate would have been 12.7% and 12.3% for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2010, respectively.

Net (Loss) Earnings

Net loss attributable to Hill International, Inc. for the six-month period ended June 30, 2011 was (\$6,093,000) or (\$0.16) per diluted common share based upon 38,328,000 diluted common shares outstanding, as compared to net earnings for the six-month period ended June 30, 2010 of \$5,341,000 or \$0.13 per diluted common share based upon 40,656,000 diluted common shares outstanding.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We have historically funded our business activities with cash flow from operations and borrowings under various credit facilities.

Credit Facilities

We have a credit facility pursuant to the terms of a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") dated as of June 30, 2009 among the Company, Bank of America, N.A., Capital One, N.A., The PrivateBank and Trust Company and PNC Bank N.A. (the "Lenders"). The Credit Agreement provides for borrowings of up to \$100,000,000 and for a letter of credit sub-facility of up to \$30,000,000. Obligations under the Credit Agreement are collateralized by all of our assets, including, without limitation, accounts receivable, equipment, securities, financial assets and the proceeds of the foregoing, as well as by a pledge of 65% of the outstanding capital stock of our wholly owned subsidiary, Hill International S.A. The Credit Agreement expires on June 30, 2012. We incurred costs of approximately \$1,741,000 in connection with establishing the credit facility. Such costs have been deferred and are being amortized to interest expense over the life of the loan.

The Credit Agreement provides for Base Rate loans and Eurodollar Rate loans. Base Rate loans bear interest at a fluctuating rate per annum equal to the sum of (a) the highest of (i) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.5%, (ii) the rate of interest in effect for such day as publicly announced from time to time by Bank of America as its "prime rate" and (iii) the Eurodollar Rate plus 1.00%, plus (b) an Applicable Rate which may vary between 1.75% and 2.50% depending on the Company's consolidated leverage ratio at the time of the borrowing. Eurodollar Rate loans bear interest at a rate per annum equal to the British Bankers Association LIBOR Rate plus an Applicable Rate which may vary between 2.75% and 3.50% depending on the Company's consolidated leverage ratio at the time of the borrowing.

The Credit Agreement contains financial covenants regarding our consolidated net worth, consolidated leverage ratio, consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio and the ratio of consolidated billed and unbilled accounts receivable to consolidated senior indebtedness, as well as other covenants and certain restrictions on the incurrence of debt, on the making of investments, on the payment of dividends, on transactions with affiliates and other affirmative and negative covenants and events of default customary for facilities of its type. At June 30, 2011, the Company was in violation of the consolidated leverage ratio and the consolidated fixed charge ratio (the "Specified Defaults"). On that date, the Company entered a Forbearance Agreement with the lenders under which borrowings are limited to \$80,000,000 and will bear interest at a fluctuating rate per annum equal to the sum of (a) the highest of (i) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.50%, (ii) the Bank of America prime rate or (iii) the Eurodollar Rate plus 1.00%, plus (b) 3.00%. The Forbearance Agreement limits the amount of Letters of Credit to those outstanding at June 28, 2011 and certain Letters of Credit requested after June 28, 2011 (as listed in Schedule 2(a) of the Forbearance Agreement). Other Letters of Credit will be subject to the consent of the Lenders. Also, the Company is precluded from certain activities without the Lenders' consent, including making acquisitions, paying

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dividends, or repurchasing its common stock. Additionally, it precludes the Company from making any borrowings as Eurodollar Rate Loans. At June 30, 2011, our outstanding Eurodollar Rate Loans amounted to \$34,300,000 with a weighted average interest rate of 4.27%. If such loans were refinanced on June 30, 2011, the weighted average interest rate would have been 6.25%. In exchange, the Lenders have agreed to forbear from enforcing their remedies against the Company with respect to the Specified Defaults. Since the waiver of violations is through September 30, 2011, all borrowings under the facility have been classified as current liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet. We cannot provide any assurance that the Specified Defaults will be cured by the end of the Forbearance Period, that we will otherwise be in compliance with the covenants and other provisions of the Credit Agreement (or our other credit arrangements) at the end of the Forbearance Period or thereafter or that, if we are not so compliant with the Credit Agreement (or our other credit arrangements), the Lenders would agree to continue to forbear from enforcing their rights against us, which would have material adverse effects on the Company.

At June 30, 2011, total borrowings under the Credit Agreement amounted to \$72,300,000 with interest at 5.31%. As of June 30, 2011, we had \$11,644,000 in outstanding letters of credit. Due to conditions of the Forbearance Agreement, total remaining availability at June 30, 2011 was \$7,700,000.

We currently have eight additional credit facilities with international financial institutions as follows:

- A credit facility with a bank in the Middle East for 11,500,000 AED (approximately \$3,131,000 at June 30, 2011) collateralized by certain overseas receivables. The interest rate on that facility is the three-month Emirates InterBank Offer Rate (“EIBOR”), which at June 30, 2011 was 1.32%, plus 3.00%, (or 4.32%) but no less than 5.50%. At June 30, 2011, outstanding borrowings under this facility totaled 6,367,000 AED (approximately \$1,733,000). The facility also allows for up to 150,000,000 AED (approximately \$40,836,000 at June 30, 2011) in Letters of Guarantee of which 126,662,000 AED (approximately \$34,483,000) was utilized June 30, 2011. This facility expired on August 27, 2010 and is being renewed on a month to month basis.
- A revolving credit loan payable with a European bank up to €1,000,000 (approximately \$1,446,000 at June 30, 2011), with interest rates at 2.50% plus Egnatia Bank’s prime rate of 6.00% (or 8.50%) at June 30, 2011, collateralized by certain of our assets. There were no borrowings under this facility at June 30, 2011. The facility also allows for letters of guarantee up to €4,500,000 (approximately \$6,508,000) of which €429,000 (approximately \$621,000) was utilized at June 30, 2011. The loan has an expiration date of April 30, 2012.
- An unsecured credit facility with a bank in Spain for €750,000 (approximately \$1,085,000 at June 30, 2011). The interest rate on that facility is the three-month EURIBOR rate (which at June 30, 2011 was 1.55%) plus 1.75, or 3.30% but no less than 4.00%. At June 30, 2011 there were no outstanding borrowings under this facility which expires on December 24, 2011.
- A revolving credit loan payable to Barclays Bank PLC up to £500,000 (approximately \$803,000 at June 30, 2011) with interest at 2.00% plus the Bank of England rate of 0.50% (or 2.50%) at June 30, 2011 collateralized by cross guarantees of all United Kingdom companies. Aggregate of all debt owing to the bank will be, at all times, covered 3 times by the aggregate value of the UK accounts receivable less than 90 days old and excluding any receivables which are due from any associate or subsidiary company. Outstanding borrowings under this facility were £404,000 (approximately \$654,000) at June 30, 2011. The loan has an indeterminate term and is subject to annual review by the bank.
- A revolving credit facility with 12 banks (the “Financing Entities”) in Spain providing for total borrowings of up to €4,870,000 (approximately \$7,043,000) with interest at 6.50% of which €3,726,000 (approximately \$5,388,000) was utilized at June 30, 2011. The total amount being financed (“Credit Contracts”) by each Financing Entity is between €379,000 (approximately \$548,000) and €639,000 (approximately \$924,000). The facility expires on December 17, 2016. The maximum available amount will be reduced to 75.0% at December 31, 2014 and 50.0% at December 31, 2015. The facility expires on December 17, 2016. To guarantee the obligations of Gerens resulting from the Credit Contracts, Gerens took out a guarantee in favor of each one of the Financing Entities, which, additionally, and solely in the case of an unremedied failure to make payment, and at the request of each of the Financing Entities, shall grant a first ranking pledge over a given percentage of corporate shares of Hill International Brasil Participações Ltda. for the principal, interest, fees, expenses or any other amount owed by virtue of the Credit Contracts, coinciding with the percentage of credit of each Financing Entity with respect to the total outstanding borrowings under this facility.
- The Company also maintains three revolving credit lines with two banks in Brazil for 1,700,000, 200,000 and 1,000,000 Brazilian Reais each (approximately \$1,084,000, \$128,000 and \$638,000, respectively) with monthly interest rates of 2.87%, 5.30% and 2.75%, respectively. There were no borrowings outstanding on any of these facilities at June 30, 2011 which are renewed automatically every three months.

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Uncertainties With Respect to Operations in Libya

We currently have active contracts in Libya. Due to the recent political unrest, we have suspended our operations in, and removed substantially all of our personnel from Libya. We are unable to predict when, or if, the work in Libya will resume. At June 30, 2011, the accounts receivable related to the work performed under contracts in Libya was \$59,933,000. We are unable to determine the effect this unrest will have on the collectibility of the accounts receivable. We believe that the amount due will be collected, however, if we are unable to do so, there could be a significant adverse impact on our results of operations and liquidity.

Additional Capital Requirements

We experience lags between receipt of fees from our clients and payment of our costs. In order to continue our growth, and in light of the cash obligations described above, we have a credit agreement that allows for borrowings up to \$80,000,000 with a consortium of banks led by Bank of America. At June 30, 2011, availability under the credit agreement was \$7,700,000. However, we may seek additional debt financing beyond this amount.

Sources of Additional Capital

At June 30, 2011, our cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately \$30,293,000 of which \$7,228,000 is on deposit in the U.S. and \$23,065,000 is on deposit in foreign locations.

On July 27, 2011, we filed a Form S-3 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") to register 20,000,000 shares of our common stock for sale at various times in the future. The proceeds, if any, will be used for working capital and general corporate purposes. We cannot predict the amount of proceeds from those future sales or whether there will be a market for our common stock at the time of offering to the public.

On July 27, 2011, we filed a Form S-4 with the SEC to register 8,000,000 shares of our common stock for use in future acquisitions. We cannot predict whether such shares would be accepted by potential sellers.

We cannot provide any assurance that any other sources of financing will be available, or if available, that the financing will be on terms acceptable to us.

Cash Flow Activity During the Six months ended June 30, 2011

For the six months ended June 30, 2011, our cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$9,113,000 to \$30,293,000. Cash provided by operations was \$7,967,000, cash used in investing activities was \$20,791,000 and cash provided by financing activities was \$9,314,000. We also experienced a decrease in cash of \$5,603,000 from the effect of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations.

Operating Activities

Cash provided by operations is attributable to consolidated net loss of \$5,573,000 for the period adjusted by non-cash items included in net loss and working capital changes such as:

- Non-Cash Items:
 - Depreciation and amortization of \$7,135,000;
 - Bad debt expense of \$954,000;
 - Deferred taxes of \$427,000; and,
 - Stock based compensation expense of \$1,527,000
- Working capital changes which increased cash included the following:
 - A decrease in accounts receivable of \$7,864,000 plus increases due to foreign currency translation adjustments of approximately \$11,503,000 and the acquisition of Engineering S.A. accounts receivable amounting to \$4,486,000;
 - A decrease in other assets amounting to \$2,003,000; and
 - An increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$3,808,000 due to the timing of payments for various selling, general and administrative cost, subcontractors and accrued earn out

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costs related to the MLL acquisition; the increase in accounts payable was impacted by a foreign currency translation adjustment of approximately \$4,551,000 and the acquisition of Engineering S.A. accounts payable amounting to \$4,551,000.

- Working capital changes which decreased cash included the following:
 - A decrease in income taxes payable of \$3,673,000 due primarily to the tax effect of net loss for the period;
 - A decrease in deferred revenue of \$3,022,000; and
 - A decrease in other liabilities of \$2,804,000.

Investing Activities

We used \$13,881,000, net of cash acquired, on the acquisition of Engineering S.A. We spent \$4,029,000 to purchase computers, office equipment, furniture and fixtures. We spent \$1,609,000 to acquire an additional interest in Gerens. We also contributed \$1,668,000 to Hill Petrol and affiliates of Gerens to provide funds for those operations. We received \$396,000 in cash distributions from SBH and TMG.

Financing Activities

We received \$13,157,000 in net borrowings under our credit facilities. We made payments on notes payable amounting to \$3,683,000. Due to bank decreased \$711,000 due to the timing of certain payments which were disbursed but not immediately funded by the bank. We received proceeds amounting to \$551,000 from the exercise of stock options and purchases under our 2006 Employee Stock Purchase Plan.

Quarterly Fluctuations

Our operating results vary from period to period as a result of the timing of projects and assignments. We do not believe that our business is seasonal.

Backlog

We believe a strong indicator of our future performance is our backlog of uncompleted projects under contract or awarded. Our backlog represents management's estimate of the amount of contracts and awards in hand that we expect to result in future consulting fees. Project management backlog is evaluated by management, on a project-by-project basis and is reported for each period shown based upon the binding nature of the underlying contract, commitment or letter of intent, and other factors, including the economic, financial and regulatory viability of the project and the likelihood of the contract being extended, renewed or cancelled. Construction claims backlog is based largely on management's estimates of future revenue based on known construction claims assignments and historical results for new work. Because a significant number of construction claims may be awarded and completed within the same period, our actual construction claims revenue has historically exceeded backlog by a significant amount.

Our backlog is important to us in anticipating and planning for our operational needs. Backlog is not a measure defined in generally accepted accounting principles, and our methodology for determining backlog may not be comparable to the methodology used by other companies in determining their backlog.

Our backlog was approximately \$2,297,000,000 at June 30, 2011 compared to \$789,000,000 at March 31, 2011. This increase was primarily the result of two significant contracts for work related to a major housing development in Iraq, increased bookings attributable to the Middle East operations and the acquisition of Engineering S.A. The two contracts in Iraq were a \$1,300,000,000 contract for structural systems which was awarded to our 51%-owned subsidiary, HillStone International, LLC, and a \$200,000,000 contract for project management and construction management services which was awarded to our Project Management Group. At June 30, 2011, backlog attributable to work in Libya amounted to \$55,386,000. We estimate that \$445,000,000 or 19.4% of the backlog at June 30, 2011 will be recognized during the twelve months subsequent to June 30, 2011.

The schedule below includes backlog under two categories: (1) contracts for which work authorizations have been or are expected to be received on a time and material basis, fixed-price basis and not-to-exceed projects that are well defined and (2) contracts awarded to the Company where some or all of the work has not yet been authorized. As of June 30, 2011, approximately \$621,000,000, or 27.0%, of our backlog was in category 1 and approximately \$1,676,000,000, or 73.0%, of our backlog was in category 2. We do not track whether the contracts and awards included in our backlog are fully funded, incrementally funded, or unfunded.

Included in category 2 of our backlog is the maximum amount of all indefinite delivery/indefinite quantity ("ID/IQ"), or task order contracts, or a lesser amount if we do not reasonably expect task orders to be issued for the maximum amount of such contracts. Also

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included in category 2 of our backlog is the amount of anticipated revenues in option years beyond the base term of our contracts if we reasonably expect our clients to exercise such option years. Although backlog reflects business that we consider to be firm, cancellations or scope adjustments may occur. Further, substantially all of our contracts with our clients may be terminated at will, in which case the client would only be obligated to us for services provided through the termination date. Historically, the impact of terminations and modifications on our realization of revenues from our backlog has not been significant, however, there can be no assurance that such changes will not be significant in the future. Furthermore, reductions of our backlog as a result of contract terminations and modifications may be offset by additions to the backlog.

We adjust backlog to reflect project cancellations, deferrals and revisions in scope and cost (both upward and downward) known at the reporting date. Future contract modifications or cancellations, however, may increase or reduce backlog and future revenue.

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<u>Total Backlog</u>		<u>12-Month Backlog</u>	
	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
As of June, 30 2011:				
Project Management	\$ 952,000	41.4%	\$300,000	67.4%
Construction Claims	45,000	2.0%	41,000	9.2%
HillStone International	1,300,000	56.6%	104,000	23.4%
	<u>\$2,297,000</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$445,000</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

As of March 31, 2011:

Project Management	\$ 745,000	94.4%	\$259,000	85.5%
Construction Claims	44,000	5.6%	44,000	14.5%
HillStone International	—	—%	—	—%
	<u>\$ 789,000</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$303,000</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Refer to the Company's 2010 Annual Report for a complete discussion of the Company's market risk. There have been no material changes to the market risk information included in the Company's 2010 Annual Report.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The management of the Company, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), as of June 30, 2011. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of that date, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. During the quarter ended June 30, 2011, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that materially affected, or were reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system will be met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the company have been detected. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. However, our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives.

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Part II – Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

On July 16, 2009, Al Areen Desert Resort Holding Company (“Al Areen”) filed a complaint with the Ministry of Justice & Islamic Affairs in the Kingdom of Bahrain against the Company alleging breach of contract and other causes of action in connection with its performance of a construction project known as Al Areen Desert Spa and Resort (the “Project”), seeking the sum of approximately 10,200,000 Bahraini Dinars (approximately \$27,052,000 at June 30, 2011) in damages. The Company provided project management services on the Project and Al Areen failed to pay the Company 679,000 Bahraini Dinars (approximately \$1,801,000 at June 30, 2011) for services rendered on the Project. The Company served notice of termination on April 28, 2009.

On September 26, 2009, the Company filed a Request for Arbitration with the International Chamber of Commerce, International Court of Arbitration, seeking the sum of 679,000 Bahraini Dinars. On June 29, 2011, the parties executed a settlement agreement under which Al Areen will pay to the Company the sum of approximately 394,000 Bahraini Dinars (approximately \$1,043,000) and withdrew its claims against the Company.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes pertaining to risk factors discussed in the Company’s 2010 Annual Report.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Funds

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. (Removed and Reserved)

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

- 31.1 Chief Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Chief Financial Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of Irvin E. Richter, Chief Executive Officer of Hill International, Inc., pursuant to 18 U.S.C Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of John Fanelli III, Chief Financial Officer of Hill International, Inc., pursuant to 18 U.S.C Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Hill International, Inc.

Dated: August 9, 2011

By: /s/ Irvin E. Richter
Irvin E. Richter
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Dated: August 9, 2011

By: /s/ John Fanelli III
John Fanelli III
Senior Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Dated: August 9, 2011

By: /s/ Ronald F. Emma
Ronald F. Emma
Senior Vice President and
Chief Accounting Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer)

Hill International, Inc.

Certification of Chief Executive Officer

I, Irvin E. Richter, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Hill International, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures; and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: August 9, 2011

/s/ Irvin E. Richter

Irvin E. Richter
Chief Executive Officer

Hill International, Inc.

Certification of Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

I, John Fanelli III, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Hill International, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures; and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: August 9, 2011

/s/ John Fanelli III
John Fanelli III
Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U. S. C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Hill International, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2011 (the "Report"), I, Irvin E. Richter, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Irvin E. Richter

Irvin E. Richter
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Dated: August 9, 2011

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U. S. C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Hill International, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2011 (the "Report"), I, John Fanelli III, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ John Fanelli III

John Fanelli III
Senior Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

Dated: August 9, 2011